

## Zadaci 5.3.

5.3.

9. koristimo pravilo:

$$\log_a b = c \rightarrow b = a^c$$

1.)  $\log_x 8 = -\frac{3}{4}$

$$x^{-\frac{3}{4}} = 8 \quad / \quad -\frac{4}{3}$$

$$x = 8^{-\frac{4}{3}}$$

$$x = (2^3)^{-\frac{4}{3}}$$

$$3 \cdot \left(-\frac{4}{3}\right)$$

$$x = 2$$

$$x = 2^{-4}$$

$$x = \frac{1}{2^4}$$

$$x = \frac{1}{16}$$

kako se vidi iz zadatka odredimo a,b,c i samo postavimo  $a^c = b$

jednadžbu potenciramo RECIPROČNOM

vrijednosti potencije na nepoznanici x

u ovom zadatku potencija na x je  $-\frac{3}{4}$

a njena recipročna vrijednost je  $-\frac{4}{3}$

jer sada se potencija sa x pomnoži sa

potencijom kojom potenciramo jednadžbu . . .

i  $-\frac{3}{4} \cdot \left(-\frac{4}{3}\right) = 1$  uvijek dobijemo 1

pa nam tako nepoznanica x ima eksp. =  $x^1$

pa je lijeva strana jednadžbe gotova, desno

je obično potenciranje poznate baze sa nekim

eksponentom po već poznatim pravilima . . .

2.)  $\log_x \frac{1}{8} = -\frac{3}{2}$

$$x^{-\frac{3}{2}} = \frac{1}{8} \quad / \quad -\frac{2}{3}$$

$$x = \left(\frac{1}{8}\right)^{-\frac{2}{3}}$$

$$x = \left(\frac{1}{2^3}\right)^{-\frac{2}{3}}$$

$$x = (2^{-3})^{-\frac{2}{3}}$$

$$x = 2^{-3 \cdot \left(-\frac{2}{3}\right)}$$

$$x = 2$$

$$x = 2^2$$

$$x = 4$$

3)  $\log_x 64 = -3$

$$x^{-3} = 64 \quad / \quad -\frac{1}{3}$$

$$x = 64^{-\frac{1}{3}}$$

$$x = (2^6)^{-\frac{1}{3}}$$

$$x = 2^{-\frac{6}{3}}$$

$$x = 2^{-2}$$

$$x = \frac{1}{2^2}$$

$$x = \frac{1}{4}$$

4)  $\log_x 8 = 1.5$

$$x^{1.5} = 8$$

$$x^{\frac{3}{2}} = 2^3 \quad / \quad \frac{2}{3}$$

$$x = (2^3)^{\frac{2}{3}}$$

$$x = 2^{3 \cdot \frac{2}{3}}$$

$$x = 2$$

$$x = 2^2$$

$$x = 4$$

## 9.

$$5) \log_x \frac{1}{16} = -4$$

$$x^{-4} = \frac{1}{16} \quad / \quad -\frac{1}{4}$$

$$x = \left(\frac{1}{16}\right)^{-\frac{1}{4}}$$

$$x = \left(\frac{1}{2^4}\right)^{-\frac{1}{4}}$$

$$x = (2^{-4})^{-\frac{1}{4}}$$

$$x = 2^{-4 \cdot \left(-\frac{1}{4}\right)}$$

$$x = 2^1$$

$$x = 2$$

$$6) \log_x \sqrt{2} = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$x^{\frac{1}{4}} = \sqrt{2} \quad / \quad ^4$$

$$x = \sqrt{2}^4$$

$$x = \left(2^{\frac{1}{2}}\right)^4$$

$$x = 2^{\frac{4}{2}}$$

$$x = 2^2$$

$$x = 4$$

$$7) \log_x 27 = -\frac{3}{4}$$

$$x^{-\frac{3}{4}} = 27 \quad / \quad -\frac{4}{3}$$

$$x = 27^{-\frac{4}{3}}$$

$$x = (3^3)^{-\frac{4}{3}}$$

$$x = 3 \cdot \left(-\frac{4}{3}\right)$$

$$x = 3^{-4}$$

$$x = \frac{1}{3^4}$$

$$x = \frac{1}{81}$$

$$8) \log_x 0,125 = -2$$

$$x^{-2} = 0,125 \quad / \quad -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$x = \left(\frac{125}{1000}\right)^{-\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$x = \left(\frac{1}{8}\right)^{-\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$x = 8^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$x = \sqrt{8}$$

$$x = \sqrt{4 \cdot 2}$$

$$x = \sqrt{4} \cdot \sqrt{2}$$

$$x = 2\sqrt{2}$$

$$9) \log_x \frac{7}{3} = 1$$

$$\frac{7}{3} = x^1$$

$$x = \frac{7}{3}$$

$$10) \log_x \frac{8}{27} = -3$$

$$\frac{8}{27} = x^{-3} \quad / \quad \frac{1}{3}$$

$$\left(\frac{8}{27}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} = x$$

$$x = \left(\frac{2^3}{3^3}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} = \left(\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^3\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} = \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^{3 \cdot \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)} = \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^1 = \frac{2}{3}$$

10.

koristimo pravilo:  $a^{\log_a x} = x$ 

$$1) \quad 5^{\log_5 10} = 10$$

$$2) \quad \left(\frac{1}{5}\right)^{\log_5 10} = (5^{-1})^{\log_5 10} = 5^{-\log_5 10} = 5^{\log_5 10^{-1}} = 10^{-1} = \frac{1}{10}$$

$$3) \quad 3^{\log_3 3} = 3$$

$$4) \quad \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^{\log_3 11} = (3^{-1})^{\log_3 11} = 3^{-\log_3 11} = 3^{\log_3 11^{-1}} = 11^{-1} = \frac{1}{11}$$

$$5) \quad 3^{2 \log_3 12} = 3^{\log_3 12^2} = 3^{\log_{3^2} 12^2} = 3^{\frac{1}{2} \log_3 12^2} = 3^{\log_3 (12^2)^{\frac{1}{2}}} = \\ = (12^2)^{\frac{1}{2}} = \sqrt{12^2} = 12$$

$$6) \quad 2^{2 \log_4 7} = 2^{\log_4 7^2} = 2^{\log_2 7^2} = 2^{\frac{1}{2} \log_2 7^2} = 2^{\log_2 (7^2)^{\frac{1}{2}}} = \\ = (7^2)^{\frac{1}{2}} = \sqrt{7^2} = 7$$

$$7) \quad 4^{\log_2 3} = 2^{2 \log_2 3} = 2^{\log_2 3^2} = 3^2 = 9$$

$$8) \quad 3^{-2 \log_3 20} = 3^{\log_3 20^{-2}} = 3^{\log_{3^2} 20^{-2}} = 3^{\frac{1}{2} \log_3 20^{-2}} = 3^{\log_3 (20^{-2})^{\frac{1}{2}}} = \\ = (20^{-2})^{\frac{1}{2}} = \sqrt{20^{-2}} = \sqrt{\left(\frac{1}{20}\right)^2} = \frac{1}{20}$$

11.

$$1) \quad 100^{-\log \frac{5}{2}} = 100^{\log \left(\frac{5}{2}\right)^{-1}} = (10^2)^{\log \left(\frac{5}{2}\right)^{-1}} = 10^{2 \log \left(\frac{5}{2}\right)^{-1}} = \\ = 10^{\log \left[\left(\frac{5}{2}\right)^{-1}\right]^2} = 10^{\log \left(\frac{5}{2}\right)^{-2}} = \left(\frac{5}{2}\right)^{-2} = \left(\frac{2}{5}\right)^2 = \frac{4}{25}$$

11.

$$\begin{aligned}
 2) \quad 81^{\frac{1}{2} \log_3 7} &= 81^{\log_3(7)^{\frac{1}{2}}} = (3^4)^{\log_3(7)^{\frac{1}{2}}} = 3^{4 \log_3(7)^{\frac{1}{2}}} = \\
 &= 3^{\log_3 [7^{\frac{1}{2}}]^4} = [7^{\frac{1}{2}}]^4 = 7^{\frac{4}{2}} = 7^2 = 49
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 3) \quad 8^{-\log_4 9} &= 8^{\log_4 9^{-1}} = (2^3)^{\log_4 9^{-1}} = 2^{3 \log_2 9^{-1}} = \\
 &= 2^{\log_2 (9^{-1})^3} = 2^{\frac{1}{2} \log_2 (9^{-1})^3} = 2^{\log_2 [(9^{-1})^3]^{\frac{1}{2}}} = [(9^{-1})^3]^{\frac{1}{2}} = \\
 &= (9^{-3})^{\frac{1}{2}} = \left[ \left( \frac{1}{9} \right)^3 \right]^{\frac{1}{2}} = \sqrt{\left( \frac{1}{9} \right)^3} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{729}} = \frac{\sqrt{1}}{\sqrt{729}} = \frac{1}{27}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 4) \quad 9^{-\log_3 8} &= 9^{\log_3 8^{-1}} = (3^2)^{\log_3 8^{-1}} = 3^{2 \log_3 8^{-1}} = 3^{\log_3 (8^{-1})^2} = \\
 &= (8^{-1})^2 = \left( \frac{1}{8} \right)^2 = \frac{1}{64}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 5) \quad \left( \frac{1}{2} \right)^{2 \log_2 \frac{1}{2}} &= \left( \frac{1}{2} \right)^{\log_2 \left( \frac{1}{2} \right)^2} = (2^{-1})^{\log_2 \frac{1}{4}} = 2^{-1 \log_2 \frac{1}{4}} = 2^{\log_2 \left( \frac{1}{4} \right)^{-1}} = \\
 &= \left( \frac{1}{4} \right)^{-1} = 4
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 6) \quad \left( \frac{1}{4} \right)^{-2 \log_8 125} &= \left( \frac{1}{4} \right)^{\log_8 (125)^{-2}} = (4^{-1})^{\log_{2^3} (125^{-2})} = 4^{-1 \log_{2^3} (125^{-2})} = \\
 &= 4^{\log_{2^3} (125^{-2})^{-1}} = 4^{\frac{1}{3} \log_2 125^2} = 4^{\log_2 (125^2)^{\frac{1}{3}}} = (2^2)^{\log_2 (125^2)^{\frac{1}{3}}} = \\
 &= 2^{2 \log_2 (125^{\frac{2}{3}})} = 2^{\log_2 (125^{\frac{2}{3}})^2} = (125^{\frac{2}{3}})^2 = 125^{\frac{4}{3}} = \sqrt[3]{125^4} = \\
 &= \sqrt[3]{125^3 \cdot 125} = 125 \sqrt[3]{125} = 125 \cdot 5 = 625
 \end{aligned}$$

12.

$$f(x) = \log_5 x$$

$$f(1) = \log_5 1 = 0$$

$$f(-2) = \log_5 (-2) \text{ nije definisano}$$

$$f(0.2) = \log_5 0.2 = \log_5 \frac{2}{10} = \log_5 \frac{1}{5} = \log_5 5^{-1} = -1$$

$$f(125) = \log_5 125 = \log_5 5^3 = 3$$

$$\begin{aligned} f(0.04) &= \log_5 0.04 = \log_5 \frac{4}{100} = \log_5 \frac{1}{25} = \log_5 25^{-1} = \\ &= \log_5 (5^2)^{-1} = \log_5 5^{-2} = -2 \end{aligned}$$

13.

$$f(x) = \log_{\frac{1}{4}} x$$

$$\begin{aligned} f(2) &= \log_{\frac{1}{4}} 2 = \log_{4^{-1}} 2 = -\frac{1}{4} \log_4 2 = \log_4 2^{-1} = \log_{2^2} 2^{-1} = \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \log_2 2^{-1} = \log_2 (2^{-1})^{\frac{1}{2}} = \log_2 2^{-\frac{1}{2}} = -\frac{1}{2} \end{aligned}$$

$$f(-4) = \log_{\frac{1}{4}} (-4) \text{ nije definirano}$$

$$f(0.25) = \log_{\frac{1}{4}} 0.25 = \log_{\frac{1}{4}} \frac{25}{100} = \log_{\frac{1}{4}} \frac{1}{4} = 1$$

$$f(0) = \log_{\frac{1}{4}} 0 \text{ nije definirano}$$

$$\begin{aligned} f(0.5) &= \log_{\frac{1}{4}} 0.5 = \log_{\frac{1}{4}} \frac{5}{10} = \log_{\frac{1}{4}} \frac{1}{2} = \log_{4^{-1}} \frac{1}{2} = -\frac{1}{4} \log_4 \frac{1}{2} = \\ &= \log_4 \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{-1} = \log_{2^2} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{-1} = \frac{1}{2} \log_2 \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{-1} = \log_2 \left[\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{-1}\right]^{\frac{1}{2}} = \\ &= \log_2 \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{-\frac{1}{2}} = \log_2 (2^{-1})^{-\frac{1}{2}} = \log_2 2^{\frac{1}{2}} = \frac{1}{2} \end{aligned}$$

14.

$$f(x) = \log x$$

$$f(0.1) = \log 0.1 = \log \frac{1}{10} = \log 10^{-1} = -1$$

$$f(100) = \log 100 = \log 10^2 = 2$$

$$\begin{aligned} f(0.001) &= \log 0.001 = \log \frac{1}{1000} = \log 1000^{-1} = \log (10^3)^{-1} = \\ &= \log 10^{-3} = -3 \end{aligned}$$

$$f(10^{-5}) = \log 10^{-5} = -5$$

14. (masstawał)

$$\begin{aligned} f(0.01^{-4}) &= \log 0.01^{-4} = \log \left(\frac{1}{100}\right)^{-4} = \log (100^{-1})^{-4} = \\ &= \log 100^4 = \log (10^2)^4 = \log 10^8 = 8 \end{aligned}$$

15.

$$\lfloor \log 123 \rfloor = \lfloor 2.089 \rfloor = 2$$

$$\lfloor \log 5.5 \rfloor = \lfloor 0.740 \rfloor = 0$$

$$\lfloor \log 0.999 \rfloor = \lfloor -4.80 \cdot 10^{-3} \rfloor = \lfloor -0.0048 \rfloor = -1$$

$$\lfloor \log 0.01 \rfloor = \lfloor -2 \rfloor = -2$$

16.

$$\lfloor \log_2 77 \rfloor = \left\lfloor \frac{\log 77}{\log 2} \right\rfloor = \left\lfloor \frac{1.88649}{0.30103} \right\rfloor = \lfloor 6.266 \rfloor = 6$$

$$\lfloor \log_3 0.1 \rfloor = \left\lfloor \frac{\log 0.1}{\log 3} \right\rfloor = \left\lfloor \frac{-1}{0.47712} \right\rfloor = \lfloor -2.095 \rfloor = -3$$

$$\lfloor \log_8 11111 \rfloor = \left\lfloor \frac{\log 11111}{\log 8} \right\rfloor = \left\lfloor \frac{4.04575}{0.90309} \right\rfloor = \lfloor 4.479 \rfloor = 4$$

$$\lfloor \log_{\frac{1}{4}} 25 \rfloor = \left\lfloor \frac{\log 25}{\log \frac{1}{4}} \right\rfloor = \left\lfloor \frac{1.39794}{-0.60206} \right\rfloor = \lfloor -2.321 \rfloor = -3$$

$$\lfloor \log_{\frac{1}{5}} 0.01 \rfloor = \left\lfloor \frac{\log 0.01}{\log \frac{1}{5}} \right\rfloor = \left\lfloor \frac{-2}{-0.69897} \right\rfloor = \lfloor 2.861 \rfloor = 2$$

Ovo je jako mali dio potpuno riješenih zadataka iz naše interne skripte ili zbirke potpuno riješenih zadataka koju koristimo u radu našeg centra – poduka i online poduka.  
Do potpunih rješenja možete doći tako da se uključite u online poduku ... ( cijena 99 kn )  
Sve informacije oko načina online poduke i obične poduke  
zatražite na naš mail: [mim-sraga@zg.htnet.hr](mailto:mim-sraga@zg.htnet.hr)  
Ili na 01-4578-431 ili 098-488-515

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